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Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec. 2013/Jan. 2014
Discrete Mathematical Structures

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

*Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting
atleast TWO questions from each part.*

PART – A

- 1 a. Define power set of a set. Determine power sets of the following sets.
 $A = \{a, \{b\}\}$ $B = \{\phi, 1, \{\phi\}\}$. (04 Marks)
- b. Using laws of set theory show that $(A \cap B) \cup [B \cap ((C \cap D) \cup (C \cap D))] = B \cap (A \cup C)$. (05 Marks)
- c. In a survey of 260 college students, the following data were obtained; 64 had taken Mathematics course, 94 had take CS course, 58 had take EC course, 28 had taken both Mathematics and EC course, 26 had taken both Mathematics and CS course, 22 had taken both CS and EC course, and 14 had taken all three types of courses. Determine :
 i) How many of these students had taken none of the three courses?
 ii) How many had taken only CS course? (06 Marks)
- d. An integer is selected at random from 3 through 11 inclusive. If A is the event that a number divisible by 3 is chosen, and B is the even that the number exceeds 10. Determine $\Pr(A)$, $\Pr(B)$, $\Pr(A \cap B)$ and $\Pr(A \cup B)$. (05 Marks)
- 2 a. Let p, q be primitive statements for which implication $p \rightarrow q$ is false. Determine the truth values of the following : i) $p \wedge q$ ii) $\neg p \vee q$ iii) $q \rightarrow p$ iv) $\neg q \rightarrow \neg p$. (05 Marks)
- b. By constructing truth table. Show that the compound propositions $p \wedge (\neg q \vee r)$ and $p \vee (q \wedge \neg r)$ are not logically equivalent. (05 Marks)
- c. Prove that $(\neg p \vee q) \wedge (p \wedge \neg q) \Leftrightarrow p \wedge q$. Hence deduce that $(\neg p \wedge q) \vee (p \vee (p \vee q)) \Leftrightarrow p \vee q$. (05 Marks)
- d. Show that $R \vee S$ follows logically from the premises. $C \vee D$, $(C \vee D) \rightarrow \neg H$, $\neg H \rightarrow (A \wedge \neg B)$ and $(A \wedge \neg B) \rightarrow R \vee S$. (05 Marks)
- 3 a. Write down the converse, inverse and contrapositive of the following statement, for which the set of real numbers is the universe. Also indicate their truth values. $\forall x [(x > 3) \rightarrow (x^2 > 9)]$. (06 Marks)
- b. Write the following propositions in symbolic form and find its negation. For all x, if x is odd then $x^2 - 1$ is even. (04 Marks)
- c. Let p(x), q(x) and r(x) be open statements, determine whether the following argument is valid or not
 $\forall x [p(x) \rightarrow q(x)]$
 $\forall x [q(x) \rightarrow r(x)]$
 $\therefore \forall x [p(x) \rightarrow r(x)]$. (06 Marks)
- d. Give a direct proof of he statement : "The square of an odd integer is an odd integer". (04 Marks)
- 4 a. Using mathematical induction, prove that $4n < (n^2 - 7)$ for all positive integers $n \geq 6$. (06 Marks)
- b. For the Fibonacci sequence F_0, F_1, F_2, \dots . Prove that $F_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left[\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n \right]$. (08 Marks)
- c. Find an explicit formula for $a_n = a_{n-1} + n$, $a_1 = 4$ for $n \geq 2$. (06 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

PART – B

- 5 a. Define the Cartesian product of two sets. For any non – empty sets A, B and C prove that $A \times (B \cup C) = (A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$. (05 Marks)
- b. Define the following with one example for each i) Function ii) one – to one function iii) on to function. (06 Marks)
- c. State the pigeonhole principle. An office employs 13 clerks. Show that at least 2 of them will have birthdays during the same month of the year. (04 Marks)
- d. Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be defined by $f(x) = x^2$, and $g(x) = x + 5$. Determine $f \cdot g$ and $g \cdot f$. Show that the composition of two functions is not commutative. (05 Marks)
- 6 a. Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, and let R the relation defined by $R = \{(x, y) \mid x, y \in A, x \leq y\}$. Determine whether R is reflexive, symmetric, antisymmetric, or transitive. (05 Marks)
- b. What is partition of a set. If $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 1), (2, 2), (3, 4), (4, 3), (3, 3), (4, 4)\}$ defined on the set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$. Determine the partition induced. (05 Marks)
- c. Define partial order. If R is a relation on $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ defined by $X R Y$ if $x|y$. Prove that (A, R) is a POSET. Draw its Hasse diagram. (06 Marks)
- d. Let $A = \{2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24\}$ and let \leq denotes the partial order of divisibility that is $x \leq y$ means $x|y$. Let $B = \{4, 6, 12\}$. Determine :
- All upper bounds of B
 - All lower bounds of B
 - Least upper bound of B
 - Greatest lower bound of B. (04 Marks)
- 7 a. Define abelian group. Prove that a group G is abelian iff $(ab)^2 = a^2b^2$ for all $a, b, \in G$. (07 Marks)
- b. If H and K are subgroups of a group G. Prove that $H \cap K$ is also a sub group of G. (05 Marks)
- c. Define homomorphism and isomorphism in group. Let f be homomorphism from a group G_1 to group G_2 . Prove that
- If e_1 is the identity in G_1 and e_2 is the identity in G_2 , then $f(e_1) = e_2$
 - $f(a^{-1}) = [f(a)]^{-1}$ for all $a \in G_1$. (08 Marks)
- 8 a. An encoding function $E: Z_2^2 \rightarrow Z_2^5$ is given by the generator matrix :
- $$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
- Determine all the code words
 - Find the associated parity – check matrix H
 - Use H to decode received words : 1 1 1 0 1, 1 1 0 1 1. (07 Marks)
- b. A binary symmetric channel has probability $P = 0.05$ of incorrect transmission. If the word $C = 011011101$ is transmitted, what is the probability that i) single error occurs ii) a double error occurs iii) a triple error occurs iv) three errors occur no two of them consecutive? (08 Marks)
- c. Define a ring. In a ring $(R, +, 0)$ for all $a, b \in R$, prove that
- $a \cdot 0 = 0 \cdot a = 0$
 - $a(-b) = (-a)b = -(ab)$. (05 Marks)