

**Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2014/Jan.2015**  
**Discrete Mathematical Structures**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer **FIVE** full questions, selecting atleast **TWO** questions from each part.

**PART - A**

1. a. Simplify the set expression  $\overline{(A \cup B) \cap C \cup B}$  with justification. (06 Marks)
- b. i) Use membership table to establish the set equality of :  
 $(A \cap B) \cup (\overline{A} \cap C) = (A \cap \overline{B}) \cup (\overline{A} \cap \overline{C})$ . (07 Marks)
- ii) If  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ , determine the number of subsets of A containing 3 elements, subsets of A containing 1, 2, and subsets of A with even number of elements. (07 Marks)
- c. The sample space of an experiment is  $S = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}$ . If event  $A = \{a, b, c\}$  and event  $B = \{a, c, e, g\}$ , determine  $P_r(A)$ ,  $P_r(B)$ ,  $P_r(A \cap B)$ ,  $P_r(A \cup B)$ ,  $P_r(\overline{A})$ ,  $P_r(A \cap \overline{B})$  and  $P_r(\overline{A} \cup B)$ . (07 Marks)
2. a. Construct truth table for : (06 Marks)
- i)  $[p \wedge (p \rightarrow q)] \rightarrow q$   
ii)  $[p \rightarrow q] \wedge [q \rightarrow r] \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)$ . (07 Marks)
- b. Simplify the switching network using the laws of logic.

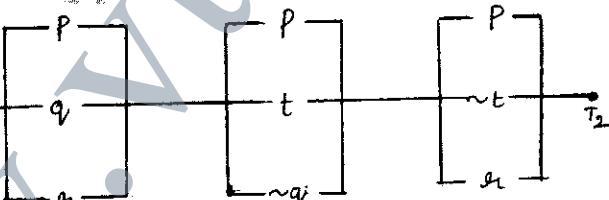


Fig. Q2(b)

- c. Establish the following argument by the methods of proof by contradiction. (07 Marks)

$$\begin{array}{c} P \rightarrow (q \wedge r) \\ r \rightarrow s \\ \hline (q \wedge s) \\ \therefore \sim p \end{array}$$

- a. Negate and simplify each of the following : (06 Marks)
- i)  $\exists x, [p(x) \vee q(x)]$   
ii)  $\forall x, [p(x) \wedge \sim q(x)]$   
iii)  $\forall x, [p(x) \rightarrow q(x)]$   
iv)  $\exists x, [(p(x) \vee q(x)) \rightarrow r(x)]$ .
- b. Find whether the following argument is valid. No engineering student of first and second semester studies logic.

Anil is an engineering student who studies logic

$\therefore$  Anil is not in second semester

(07 Marks)

- c. Give : i) a direct proof ii) an indirect proof and iii) proof by contradiction for the following statement. "If m is an even integer, then  $m + 7$  is odd". (07 Marks)

- 4 a. If  $H_1 = 1, H_2 = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots, H_n = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}$  are harmonic numbers, then prove that for all  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n H_i = (n+1)H_n - n.$$

(06 Marks)

- b. For all  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$  prove that :

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{i(i+1)} = \frac{n}{n+1}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i(2^i) = 2 + (n-1)2^{n+1}.$$

(07 Marks)

- c. i) If  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n \subseteq U$ , then prove that :

$$A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_n = \overline{A_1} \cup \overline{A_2} \cup \dots \cup \overline{A_n}$$

- ii) If  $A, B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n \subseteq U$  then prove that  $A \cap (B_1 \cup B_2 \cup \dots \cup B_n) = (A \cap B_1) \cup (A \cap B_2) \cup \dots \cup (A \cap B_n)$ .

(07 Marks)

## PART-B

- 5 a. Find the number of ways of distributing 6 objects among 4 identical containers with some containers possibly empty. (06 Marks)

- b. (i) Prove that the function  $f : R \times R \rightarrow R$  defined by  $f(a, b) = [a + b]$  is commutative but not associative

(ii) Prove that if 30 dictionaries in a library contains a total of 61,327 pages, then atleast one of the dictionary must have atleast 2045 pages. (07 Marks)

- c. Let  $f : R \rightarrow R$  be defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 5 & \text{for } x > 0 \\ -3x + 1 & \text{for } x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

then determine  $f^{-1}(-1), f^{-1}(3), f^{-1}(6), f^{-1}(-5, 5)$ . (07 Marks)

- 6 a. Give a set  $A$  with  $|A| = n$  and a relation  $R$  on  $A$ , let  $M$  denote the relation matrix for  $R$  then prove that :

i)  $R$  is symmetric if and only if  $M = M^T$

ii)  $R$  is transitive if and only if  $M \cdot M = M^2 \leq M$ . (06 Marks)

- b. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12\}$  and  $R$  be the partial ordering on  $A$  defined by  $a R_b$  if  $a$  divides  $b$  then

i) Draw the Hasse diagram of the Poset  $(A, R)$

ii) Determine the relation matrix for  $R$

iii) Topologically sort the Poset  $(A, R)$  (07 Marks)

- c. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ , and define  $R$  on  $A$  by  $(x_1, y_1) R (x_2, y_2)$  if  $x_1 + y_1 = x_2 + y_2$

i) Verify that  $R$  is an equivalence relation on  $A$

ii) Determine the equivalence classes  $[(1, 3)], [(2, 4)]$  and  $[(1, 1)]$

iii) Determine the partition of  $A$  induced by  $R$ . (07 Marks)

- 7 a. In a group  $S_6$ , let

$$\alpha = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 6 & 2 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

(06 Marks)

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 4 & 2 & 6 & 1 & 3 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Determine  $\alpha\beta$ ,  $\alpha^3$ ,  $\beta^4$ ,  $(\alpha\beta)^{-1}$ .

- b. Define cyclic group and prove that every subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic. (07 Marks)

- c. Define the coding function  $E: Z_2^3 \rightarrow Z_2^6$  by means of parity check matrix

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(07 Marks)

- 8 a. Let  $E: Z_2^m \rightarrow Z_2^n$  be an encoding function given by a generator matrix  $G$  or the associated parity check matrix  $H$  then prove that  $C = E: (Z_2^m)$  is a group code. (06 Marks)

- b. i) Define subring and ideal

- ii) If  $A = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ b & c \end{bmatrix} \mid a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$  be the subset of the ring  $R = M_2(\mathbb{Z})$  then prove that  $A$  is a subring but not ideal. (07 Marks)

- c. i) Prove that  $Z_n$  is a field if and only if  $n$  is a prime.

- ii) Prove that in  $Z_n$ ,  $[a]$  is a unit if and only if  $\gcd(a, n) = 1$ . (07 Marks)

\*\*\*\*\*